GLYCONEX INCORPORATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To GlycoNex Incorporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of GlycoNex Incorporation (the "Company") as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors'* responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:



Existence and occurrence of bank deposits

Description

Refer to Notes 4(5) and (7) for accounting policies on cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and Notes 6(1) and (2) for account details in the financial statements.

As at December 31, 2024, the balances of cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost amounted to NT\$421,384 thousand, constituting 32% of total assets. As the bank deposits are high risk in nature, are material to the financial statements and the determination as to whether the bank deposits qualify as cash equivalent relies on management judgement, we considered the existence and occurrence of bank deposits a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the key audit matter mentioned above:

- We sent out audit confirmations to banks and financial institutions for specific agreements and bank accounts, in order to confirm the existence, rights and obligations of the related cash and cash equivalents.
- 2. We checked the term of the time deposits to determine whether it meets the definition of cash equivalents.
- 3. For year end bank reconciliations, we compared the account balance to the general ledger, as well as the balance of the bank account to bank statements, deposit books or bank confirmations, and we checked the accuracy and reasonableness of the bank reconciliation adjustments.
- 4. Inspected the source documents of significant cash receipts and payments to verify whether the transactions are for business purposes.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the



disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 13, 2025

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

GLYCONEX INCORPORATION BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			I	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Assets		Notes	<i></i>	AMOUNT		 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	102,784	8	\$ 145,498	10
1136	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(2)					
	current			318,600	24	533,712	34
1170	Accounts receivable, net			-	-	25	-
1200	Other receivables			23,773	2	5,301	-
1220	Current income tax assets			7,408	-	243	-
1410	Prepayments	6(3)		7,574	1	11,849	1
1470	Other current assets			316		 1,130	
11XX	Total current assets			460,455	35	697,758	45
	Non-current assets						
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(4)					
	other comprehensive income - non-						
	current			12,024	1	12,597	1
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(5)					
	equity method			20,763	2	20,591	1
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6) and 8		818,825	62	813,650	52
1780	Intangible assets	6(8)(28)		3,756	-	-	-
1900	Other non-current assets			657		 8,218	1
15XX	Total non-current assets			856,025	65	855,056	55
1XXX	Total assets		\$	1,316,480	100	\$ 1,552,814	100

(Continued)

GLYCONEX INCORPORATION BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

Liabilities and Equity		Notes		December 31, 2024 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	December 31, 2023 AMOUNT %			
	Current liabilities								
2120	Current financial liabilities at fair	6(11)							
	value through profit or loss		\$	261	- \$	261	-		
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(20)		14,164	1	104	-		
2150	Notes payable			900	-	900	-		
2200	Other payables	6(10)		32,358	2	40,443	3		
2230	Current income tax liabilities			-	-	14,645	1		
2300	Other current liabilities	6(12) and 8		216,952	17	214,230	14		
21XX	Total current liabilities			264,635	20	270,583	18		
	Non-current liabilities								
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(13)(14)		5,371	1	5,816			
2XXX	Total liabilities			270,006	21	276,399	18		
	Equity								
	Share capital	6(16)							
3110	Common stock			1,086,401	83	1,086,401	70		
	Capital surplus	6(17)							
3200	Capital surplus			196,746	14	374,857	24		
	Accumulated deficit	6(18)							
3350	Accumulated deficit		(229,368) (17) (178,111) (12)		
	Other equity interest	6(19)							
3400	Other equity interest		(7,305) (1)(_	6,732)			
3XXX	Total equity					1,276,415			
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9							
	unrecognised contract commitments								
	Significant events after the reporting	11							
	period								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	1,316,480	100 \$	1,552,814	100		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GLYCONEX INCORPORATION STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			_	Year ended December 31					
				2024		2023			
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT %			
4000	Operating revenue	6(20)	\$	14,701	100 \$	2,542 100			
5000	Operating costs	6(25)(26)	(7,380)(50)(1,547)(61)			
5950	Gross profit, net			7,321	50	995 _ 39			
	Operating expenses	6(25)(26)							
6100	Selling expenses		(4,382)(30)(5,207) (205)			
6200	General and administrative								
	expenses		(44,499) (303)(45,267) (1780)			
6300	Research and development								
	expenses		(204,552)(<u>1391</u>) (210,381) (8276)			
6000	Total operating expenses		(253,433)(<u>1724</u>) (260,855) (<u>10261</u>)			
6900	Operating loss		(246,112)(1674) (<u> </u>	259,860) (<u>10222</u>)			
	Non-operating income and								
	expenses								
7100	Interest income	6(2)(21)		7,845	53	9,134 359			
7010	Other income	6(7)(22)		10,643	73	19,292 759			
7020	Other gains and losses	6(23)		3,366	23	73,329 2885			
7050	Finance costs	6(24)	(5,708)(39) (5,712) (225)			
7070	Share of profit of associates and								
	joint ventures accounted for								
	under the equity method			261	<u>2</u>	1004			
7000	Total non-operating income								
	and expenses			16,407	112	96,143 3782			
7900	Loss before income tax		(229,705)(1562) (163,717) (6440)			
7950	Income tax expense	6(27)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	14,645) (576)			
8200	Net loss		(<u>\$</u>	229,705)(<u>1562</u>) (<u>\$</u>	<u>178,362</u>) (<u>7016</u>)			
	Other comprehensive (loss)								
	income								
	Components of other								
	comprehensive (loss) income that								
	will not be reclassified to profit								
	or loss								
8311	Actuarial gains on defined	6(14)							
	benefit plans		\$	337	2 \$	251 10			
8316	Unrealised losses from	6(4)(19)							
	investments in equity								
	instruments measured at fair								
	value through other								
	comprehensive income		(<u>573</u>) (<u>4</u>) (905) (36)			
8300	Total other comprehensive loss								
	for the year		(\$	236) (<u>2</u>)(<u>\$</u>	654) (26)			
8500	Total comprehensive loss for the								
	year		(<u>\$</u>	229,941)(<u>1564</u>) (<u>\$</u>	179,016) (7042)			
	Loss per share (in dollars)	6(29)							
9750	Basic loss per share		(<u>\$</u>		<u>2.12</u>) (<u>\$</u>	1.65)			
9850	Diluted loss per share		(\$		2.12)(\$	1.65)			
			-						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GLYCONEX INCORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	Notes	Cap	Certificates of bond-to-stock conversion	Capital surplus	Capital I	Reserves Restricted stocks to employees	Others	Accumulated deficit	Other Equity Interest Unrealised gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total equity
<u>2023</u>										
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$1,070,980	\$ 11,685	\$ 563,323	\$ 20,300	\$ 3,841	\$ 9	(\$ 218,700)	(\$ 5,827)	\$ 1,445,611
Net loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	(178,362)	-	(178,362)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(19)							251	(905)	(654_)
Total comprehensive loss								(178,111_)	(905_)	(179,016_)
Capital reserve used to offset against accumulated deficit	6(18)	-	-	(218,700)	-	-	-	218,700	-	-
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(12)	15,421	(11,685)	7,007	(923_)					9,820
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$1,086,401	\$ -	\$ 351,630	\$ 19,377	\$ 3,841	\$ 9	(\$ 178,111)	(\$ 6,732)	\$ 1,276,415
<u>2024</u>										
Balance at January 1, 2024		\$1,086,401	\$ -	\$ 351,630	\$ 19,377	\$ 3,841	\$ 9	(\$ 178,111)	(\$ 6,732)	\$ 1,276,415
Net loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	(229,705)	-	(229,705)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(19)							337	(573_)	(236)
Total comprehensive loss								(229,368)	(573_)	(229,941)
Capital reserve used to offset against accumulated deficit	6(18)			(<u>178,111</u>)				178,111		
Balance at December 31, 2024		\$1,086,401	\$ -	\$ 173,519	\$ 19,377	\$ 3,841	\$ 9	(\$ 229,368)	(\$ 7,305)	\$ 1,046,474

GLYCONEX INCORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			Year ended December 31				
	Notes		2024		2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Loss before tax		(\$	229,705)	(\$	163,717		
Adjustments		(+	,,,,,,,,	(+			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)							
Depreciation	6(6)(25)		32,448		29,808		
Amortization	6(25)		1,925		1,370		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(23)			(73,812		
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for	,			`	,		
under the equity method		(261)	(100		
Interest expense	6(24)	`	5,708	`	5,712		
Interest income	6(21)	(7,845)	(9,134		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	*(==)		7,010)	(,,,,,,,,		
Changes in operating assets							
Accounts receivable, net			25		21		
Other receivables		(18,714)	(790		
Prepayments		(4,275	(17,629		
Other current assets			814	(820		
Changes in operating liabilities			014	(020		
Contract liabilities - current			14,060		28		
Other payables		(8,117)		2,864		
Other current liabilities		(911)		2,804		
Other non-current liabilities		(120)	(
		((110		
Cash outflow generated from operations Interest received		(206,418) 8,086	(190,825		
		,		,	8,940		
Interest paid		(2,075)	(2,091		
Income tax paid		(21,809)	(44)		
Dividends received			89		99		
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(222,127)	(183,921		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Increase in financial assets measured at amortised cost		(462,000)	(692,249		
Decrease in financial assets measured at amortised cost			677,112		741,119		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(30)	(31,276)	(17,134		
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties	6(6)		-		237,463		
Increase in intangible assets		(4,000)		-		
Increase in prepayments for equipment (shown as other non-							
current assets)			-	(6,286		
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits (shown as other non-							
current assets)			770	(770)		
Increase in other non-current assets		(1,205)	(1,622		
Net cash flows from investing activities			179,401		260,521		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Increase in short-term loans	6(31)		-		10,000		
Decrease in short-term loans	6(31)		-	(15,000		
Increase (decrease) in deposits received (shown as other non-	6(31)						
current liabilities)			12	(1,723		
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities			12	(6,723		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(42,714)	-	69,877		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		`	145,498		75,621		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	102,784	\$	145,498		
such equitating at the of jour		Ψ	102,707	Ψ	175,770		